# 1. Parish: Barrow

**Meaning:** Grove or wood, hill or mound

2. Hundred: Thingoe

**Deanery:** Thingoe

**Union:** Thingoe (1836–1907), Bury St Edmunds (1907–1930)

RDC/UDC: (W Suffolk) Thingoe RD (1894–1974), St Edmundsbury DC (1974–)

#### Other administrative details:

Bury St Edmunds County Court District
Thingoe and Thedwastre Petty Sessional Division

**3. Area**: 2,677 acres (1912)

#### 4. Soils:

#### Mixed:

- a. Fine loam over clay, slowly permeable subsoils, slight seasonal waterlogging. Some calcareous/non calcareous slowly permeable clay soils.
- Well drained calcareous coarse and fine loam soils over chalk rubble, deep non calcareous loam soils in places, slight risk water erosion.
- c. Slowly permeable calcareous/non calcareous clay soils slight risk water erosion.

# 5. Types of farming:

1086 Wood for 8 pigs, 3 acres meadow, 1mill, 40 pigs,

100 sheep, 60 goats

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture, meadow,

engaged in rearing and dairying with some pigkeeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas,

vetches, hops and occasionally hemp

1660 Blome: 'being clay ground husbanded chiefly for the dairy'

and 'fielding abounding with excellent corn of all

sorts'

1818 Marshall: Course of crops varies usually including summer

fallow as preparation for corn products

1937 Main crops: Wheat, barley, beans roots

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar beet

#### 6. Enclosure:

Early enclosure at southern end (Elizabethan map)

1853 1.655 acres enclosed under General Acts 1845

### 7. Settlement:

1958 Scattered settlement based on two green areas and main street.

- a. Barrow Green: almshouses and cottages
- b. Burthorpe Green: cottages
- c. Main street: moated site of Barrow Hall and new Barrow Hall

Church and rectory separated from village by main street Inhabited houses: 1674 – 33, 1801 – 77, 1851 – 214,

1871 - 208, 1901 - 211, 1951 - 235,

1981 - 544

## 8. Communications:

**Roads:** To Higham, Gt Saxham, Denham and Hargrave

1830 Carriers from Bury St Edmunds on Wednesday,

Monday and Saturday

1839 Carriers from Bury St Edmunds daily except Monday

1844 Carrier from Bury St Edmunds daily

1937 Bus service to Bury St Edmunds and Newmarket on

Wednesday and Saturday

Rail: Railway runs through parish: Newmarket–Bury St Edmunds

line opened 1854, remains operational.

# 9. Population:

1086 – 27 recorded

1327 – 44 taxpayers paid £2 19s. 3d.

1524 – 54 taxpayers paid £7 15s. 6d.

1603 - 190 adults

1674 – 62 households

1676 - 196 adults

1801 - 614 inhabitants

1831 – 856 inhabitants

1851 – 1,120 inhabitants

1871 – 940 inhabitants

1901 - 967 inhabitants

1931 - 720 inhabitants

1951 – 713 inhabitants

1971 – 1,414 inhabitants

1981 – 1.520 inhabitants

# 10. Benefice: Rectory

1254 Valued £21 6s. 8d.

1291 Valued £24

1535 Valued £23 9s. 9½d.

1674 Parsonage occupied by H. Long has 7 hearths. Rector: Dr Lucas has house with 4 hearths

1831 Curate, stipend £70 p.a. Glebe House. Gross income £720 p.a. Yearly rent in lieu of tithes awarded £828 1840 Rectory valued £690. 77 acres glebe 1855

Valued £710 1873

1912 Nett value £500. 77 acres glebe and residence

Patrons: Sir John Heigham (1603), Master and Fellows of St Johns

College, Cambridge (1831–)

11. Church: All Saints

(Chancel, nave with 3 bays, aisles, S porch, W Tower)

1086 Church + 17 acres free land 1439/40 Possible date for tower 1848 Chancel renewed

1852 Nave and aisles restored 19<sup>th</sup> cent. New roof to nave and chancel

**Seats:** 123 appropriated, 248 free (1873)

# 12. Nonconformity etc:

1606 1 person not taking communion 1682 2 persons not taking communion

1800–1827 Worship held in meeting houses owned by John Drinkmilk

Congregational chapel built 1837, seats 200 80 persons attending morning service 1851

Chapel became free church run by Baptists 1851–1870 Chapel re-formed as Congregationalist 1879 18 members Clock tower and building used by Salvation Army 19<sup>th</sup> cent. Salvation Army barracks (map 1884). Photograph of clock

tower in Pagus, No 10, p.8.

#### 13. Manorial:

### **Barrow Manor**

1066/1086 Manor of 7 carucates belonging to the King

13<sup>th</sup> cent. Thomas de Barwe owns passing to Hamon Passelewe

1319 Bartholomew de Badlesmere owns

John Tibetot owns

16<sup>th</sup> cent. Thomas, Lord of Wentworth owns

1540 Sir Clement Heigham owns

1694 Sir Thomas Hervey owns (linked to lckworth)

1911 Marquis of Bristol owns

### **Sub-Manors:**

## <u>Felton</u>

1274	Sir Adam de Creeting owns 240 acres arable land, 1½ acres Meadow, ½ acre pasture, 23 acres wood, 1 windmill
1356	Sir Thomas de Felton owns
c.1396	Sir John Curson owns
1538	Sir Thomas Kytson owns (linked to Hengrave)
1575	Sir Clement Heigham owns (absorbed by main manor)

## **Wolf Hall/Mundefords**

1239 Osbert de Mundeford owns 15<sup>th</sup> cent. Sir William Tyndale owns 1563 William Pleasaunce owns

Heigham family owns (absorbed by main manor)

#### 14. Market/Fair:

Charter for weekly Saturday market and yearly fair commencing

3 days prior to feast of St John the Baptist 1267

Grant for two yearly fairs 1608 Pleasure fair held on May 1<sup>st</sup> 1885

## 15. Real Property:

1454 – £4 rateable value

1844 - £3, 726 rental value

1891 – £4,061 rateable value

1912 - £3,809 rateable value

## 16. Land ownership:

1844–1912 Land sub-divided

# 17. Resident gentry:

Ralph de Passelewe, Sheriff of Suffolk c.1135

John de Tibetot, Governor of Berwick on Tweed 1346

Sir Clement Heigham, Chief Bailiff of Liberty of St Edmund and Speaker of House of Commons 1528/1553

Sir John Heigham, High Sheriff of Suffolk 1577, High Sheriff of Ipswich 1585 Clemence Heigham 1660

1 gent recorded 1680

## 18. Occupations:

1600–1699 Carpenter, miller, tailors

1831 131 in agriculture, 62 in retail trade, 4 professionals,

5 in labouring, 29 in domestic service, 2 others

Surgeon, tailor/draper, plumber/glazier, baker, builder,

milliner, publican, farrier, carpenter, blacksmith, boot/ shoe makers, butcher, collar/harness maker, miller,

farmers, retail shopkeepers, carriers

1912 Retail shopkeepers, blacksmith, saddlers, millers, surgeons,

surveyor, bootmaker, farm bailiff, beerseller, farmer publican, clothing manufacturers, vet, agricultural engineer, hay merchant,

carrier, schoolmaster, sub-postmaster

'The Hurdle Makers', by R.M. Edwards, Suffolk Fair, Vol. 1

(Feb/March 1971), p.22.

#### 19. Education:

1818 24 poor children educated by Town Estate

1 day school and Misses Chambers Academy (36 attend)

1 established church Sunday school (95 attend)

1 Dissenters Sunday school (25 attend)

1833 4 daily schools: 1 endowed by Town Estate (24 attend free)

2 daily schools (55 attend) 1 girls school (18 attend)

2 Sunday schools: Established church (74 attend)

Dissenters (90 attend)

National school built 1846 (70 attend), average attendance 136 Infant school 1873 (80 attend) average attendance 1912 60

1 day school, 1 Sunday school 1900 'Barrow school', Pagus No. 2, p.3.

#### 20. Poor relief:

1776	£102 16s. 9d.
1803	£437 18s. 11/2d.
1818	£802 18s.
1830	£931 14s.
1832	£892 2s.
1834	£759 7s.

### 21. Charities:

# **Crosier Charity:**

by will of Rev. J. Crosier: £2 3s. 4d. distributed annually at

Christmas for repairs of highways and church purposes.

### **Deynes Charity:**

by will of William Devens: 6s p.a. distributed to each poor

person.

### Carlo's Charity:

17<sup>th</sup> cent. by will of Thomas Carlo: £3 p.a. distributed to poor.

### **Town Estate:**

1840 Rent from 1 house pays teacher 1 cottage 2 tenements occupied

rent free by poor.

1895 £2 6s. 8d. distributed in money to poor. Miscellaneous gifts in

either winter clothing or fuel.

#### 22. Other institutions:

1776

Guild of Our Lady 1524 Workhouse (30 inmates)

1803 Friendly Society (30 members)

Isolation Hospital at Brooms Barn: used during smallpox epidemic 1882, 39 cases treated, 3 died. Converted to research centre for study of sugar beet 1959.

#### 23. Recreation:

1844

1723–1887 The Crown public house
The Lion public house 1841

2 beersellers, 1 public house 3 beerhouses, 1 public house

1874 3 beerhouses, 1 1981 2 public houses

20<sup>th</sup> cent. Church Lads Brigade, Village Football Club, Horticultural

Society, Hand Bell Ringers, Young Players, Bowls Club, Barrow

Singers.

#### 24. Personal:

Rev. G. Ashby: antiquary (no dates)

Rev. P. Francis: Translator of Horace 1840 'The Heighams of Barrow', Pagus No. 1, p.8.

### 25. Other information:

Lord Badlesmere of Barrow Manor executed 1321.

Portable priest shelter used during burial services 18<sup>th</sup> cent., donated to Museum of East Anglian Life, Stowmarket 1975.

Suffolk's smallest factory (hurdle manufacture) situated in parish

Old peoples flatlets built c.1958.

'Barrow: A Village Remembered'.

Barrow and District Local History Society publication, 'Pagus'.

Barrow Mill: Pagus, No. 7, p.4.

'Barrow: Prehistory – 1700'. Pagus No. 10, p.3, No. 11, p.10, No. 12, p.4

'Wolf Hall', by G. Langland. Pagus No. 6, p.2.