1. Parish: Bramford

Meaning: Broom ford (Ekwall)

2. Hundred:

Bosmere (- 1327), part Bosmere and Claydon/part lpswich Borough

Deanery: Bosmere

Union: Bosmere and Claydon

RDC/UDC: Bosmere and Claydon RD (1894 – 1934), Gipping RD

(1934 – 1974), Mid Suffolk DC (1974 -)

Other administrative details:

Separated ecclesiastically from Burstall and amalgamate with Sproughton (1962)

Ecclesiastical boundary change (1868) to help create Ipswich All Saints Civil boundary change (1894), loses part to Ipswich and part to Whitton cum Thurleston

Loses further land to Ipswich (1934 and 1952) Bosmere and Claydon Petty Sessioanl Division Ipswich County Court District

3. Area: 3,244 acres land, 16 acres water (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a) Deep well drained loam and sandy soils, locally flinty, in places over gravel, slight risk water erosion

b) Slowly permeable calcareous/non calcareous clay soils, slight risk water erosion

 Stoneless clay soils mostly overlying peat by river, variably affected by groundwater, risk of localized flooding

5. Types of farming:

1086 52 acres meadow, 3 mills, 32 pigs, 120

sheep, 6 cobs, 24 cattle

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow, engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig-keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp

Also has similarities with sheep-corn region

where sheep are main fertilizing agent, bred

for fattening, barley main cash crop

Wide variations of crop and management 1818 Marshall:

techniques including summer fallow in preparation for corn and rotation of turnip,

barley, clover, wheat on lighter lands

Main crops: Wheat, barley, oats 1937

More intensive cereal growing and sugar 1969 Trist:

beet

6. **Enclosure:**

7. Settlement:

1977 River Gipping flows through eastern sector close to

railway line, both following a N-S path. Eastern boundary

abuts Ipswich Borough.

Large compact development to west of river and between two river crossing points. Church situated in southern sector of development. Small secondary settlement to

east of railway and river.

Chalk pits, Bramford Common, wetlands and small industrial area occupy northern sector of parish.

Few scattered farms.

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 72, 1801 – 162, 1851 – 205, 1871 – 251,

1901 – 253, 1951 – 775, 1981 – 908

8. Communications:

Road: Roads to Ipswich, Burstall, Lt. Blakenham, Gt. Blakenham,

Claydon and Sproughton

Rail: 1891 Rail station: Ipswich – Bury St. Edmunds line, opened

(1845), line to Norwich opened (1849), station closed

(1955)

River Gipping: Canalized (1789) Water:

Navigation Act (1790), river became navigable

to Ipswich

9. Population:

1086 — 100 recorded

1327 — 52 taxpayers paid £5. 8s. 2d. (includes Burstall)

1524 — Not recorded

1603 — 340 adults

1674 — 117 households

1676 — Not recorded

1801 — 762 inhabitants

1831 — 874 inhabitants

1851 — 997 inhabitants

1871 — 1,200 inhabitants 1901 — 1,200 inhabitants 1931 — 2,197 inhabitants 1951 — 1,339 inhabitants 1971 — 2,201 inhabitants 1981 — 2,535 inhabitants

10. Benefice: <u>Vicarage</u> (with Burstall)

1254	Valued £33. 6s. 8d.
1291	Valued £46. 13s. 4d.
1535	Valued £13. 3s. 4d. Curacy of Burstall annexed to
1831	Glebe house. Gross income £81 p.a. Incumbent also
	holds Rectory of Byton, Hereford
	Vicarage built (1870)
1891	Valued £300 p.a.
1912	Joint nett income £215 p.a. 9 acres glebe and residence

Patrons:

Battle Abbey (1541), Dean/Chapter Christs Church, Canterbury (1603 -)

11. Church St. Mary

(Chancel, clerestoried nave, aisle, porches, W. tower)

1086 Church + 80 acres free land, 1 plough

Church + 30 acres free land

12/13th cent. S. porch and priest's door on S. side 14th cent. Tower (believed built before the nave)

Main structure

15th cent. N. porch

Puritanical Vandals (William Dowsing) ordered removal of

cross from steeple and steps to be leveled. Destroyed

841 superstitious pictures and 3 inscriptions

1864/65 Restoration including chancel arch

1896 Vestry added

Note: Glacial boulder forms foundation of NE tower

buttress: visible above floor level

Seats: 350 (1915)

12. Nonconformity etc:

1597	1 person has not received communion for 12 years
	1 person has not attended church for 2 years
1842	Wesleyan chapel built, converted to 3 cottages (1873)
	Large new Wesleyan chapel built (1873)

13. Manorial:

Note: One of the main manors of Bramford was granted to the

Prior of Ely (1246/47) and accounts (1285 and 1297-1299) are preserved. However it has proved impossible to

identify which manor this refers to.

1066 Manor of 12 carucates held by King Edward 1086 Manor of 12 carucates belonging to the King

1066 Manor of 30 acres held by Brown, a free man under

patronage

1086 Manor of 30 acres belonging to the King

Note: Copinger identifies a further manor of 12 carucates

belonging to Walter the Deacon. This however relates to an unidentified Domesday Vill of Brutuna and as this has

not been found in any source to be connected with Bramford it cannot be substantiated by this study.

Bramford/Carlton

Manor of 10 carucates held by StigandManor of 10 carucates belonging to the King

13th cent. Vested in Robert de Rheims

Circa 1294 Robert de Tibetot owns (linked to Gt. Blakenham,

Nettlestead and Somersham)

17th cent. John Acton owns (linked to Baylham)

Circa 1836 Sir William Middleton owns (linked to Barham, Baylham,

Mickfield and Stonham Aspal)

1909 Lady Loraine owns

Sub-Manors:

Lovetot

John de Lovetot owns (linked to santon Downham)
John de Tibetot owns (absorbed by main manor)

16th cent. Sir Henry Wentworth owns

Circa 1628 Peter Alston owns 1747 George Thomas owns

1885 Mr. Tacon owns

1906 Mr. Andrew Sandbach owns

Norman's with Beverlies

1520 Anna Bourchier owns

1596 William Acton owns (by 17th cent. absorbed by main

manor)

Overtye

1367	Sir John Tibetot owns (absorbed by main manor)
1550	Thomas, Lord Wentworth owns (linked to Coddenham,
	Flowton, Somersham, Burstall and Flixton)

Pricketts

Circa 1596 W. Borlas owns

Circa 1616 William Acton died siesed (absorbed by main manor)

Weylands

1277 Thomas de Weyland owns (linked to Clopton, Lt.

Cornard, Onehouse, Gt. and Lt. Welnetham and

Witnesham)

Circa 1404 William Bothe owns

Circa 1596 W. Borlas owns (absorbed into Fricketts)

1596 William Acton owns (absorbed into main manor)

Kentons

1537 Arthur Rushe died seised (linked to Pakefield and

Playford)

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844	£4,096 rental value
1891	£6,752 rateable value
1912	£7,906 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844 Not recorded 1891/1912 Land sub-divided

17. Resident gentry:

1631	John Acton, High Sheriff
1677	John Acton, High Sheriff
1679	William Acton
1844	Dowager Lady Harriet Middleton and Rev. G. Naylor BA
1891	Rev. H.E.T. Cruso MA and William Frasner JP
1912	Rev. F.C.B. Butler MA, Rev. C.H. Fitch BA, Rear Admiral
	Sir L. Loraine JP and Edward Packard JP
	G. Fiske JP

18. Occupations:

1500-1549 1550–1599	1 blacksmith 5 husbandmen, 1 servant, 5 yeomen, 1 carpenter, 1 clerk,
1000 1000	1 wheelwright
1600–1649	5 husbandmen, 4 tailors, 17 yeomen, 1 innkeeper, 2 blacksmiths, 1 carpenter, 1 limeburner, 1 brickmaker, 1 collar maker
1650–1699	2 husbandmen, 10 yeomen, 1 innkeeper, 1 blacksmith, 1 carpenter, 1 lime burner, 1 millwright, 2 wheelwrights, 2 spinsters
Early 18 th C.	Paper mill owned by Edward Johnson; removed to Creeting All Saints (1771)
1831	122 in agriculture, 54 in retail trade, 5 professionals, 2 in labouring, 46 in domestic service, 14 others
1844	Blacksmith, cattle dealer, baker/flour dealer, 2 saddlers, school master and mistress, bricklayer, corn miller, 2 joiners, 3 victuallers, 2 tailors, butcher, maltster, wheelwright, cooper, 4 shoemakers, 3 shopkeepers, 12 farmers, brickmaker
1891 1912	Chalk pits and extensive manure and cement works Sub-postmaster, teacher, police officer, station master, 3 beer retailers, bakers, brick and tile makers, blacksmith, 2 millers, bricklayer, carpenter, 2 publicans, 9 farmers,
	agricultural chemist, 2 butchers, 2 shopkeepers, hairdresser, farm bailiff, bootmaker, manufacturing chemist, coal merchant, saddler, nurseryman/shopkeeper, builders, grocer/draper, teacher of music

19. Education:

1818	1 day and Sunday school on Madras system (85 – 138
	attend)
1833	2 daily schools (79 attend), 2 Sunday schools (77 attend)
1844	Schoolmaster and mistress recorded
	National school built (1860), enlarged (1873 and 1897),
	180 attend (1891), average attendance (1912) 228

20. Poor relief:

1776	£215. 9s. 0d.	spent on poor relief
1803	£368. 2s. 5d.	spent on poor relief
1818	£700.4s.	spent on poor relief
1830	£888. 14s.	spent on poor relief
1832	£1,180	spent on poor relief
1834	£797. 10s.	spent on poor relief

21. **Charities:**

Acton's Charity:

1703 William Acton. Cottage + 14 acres let at £20 p.a. made

> tithe free at expense of Nathaniel Lee Acton (1796), distributed among poor according to family size

Brooke's Charity:

1840 by will of Francis Brooke: £5 p.a. distributed among poor

Poors Houses:

1840 3 tenements occupied by 6 poor widows

Leggatt Bequest:

1912 by will of Miss Leggatt: £200 for the church and £200 for

the school

22. Other institutions:

1803	2 Friendly Societies (96 members)
1844	Poor houses (3 tenements) occupied by 6 widows
1891	Almshouse occupied by 4 widows
1912	Police officer listed

23. Recreation:

1844	THE CROWN, THE ANGEL INN and THE COCK public
	houses
1891	2 beer retailers, THE CROWN, THE ANGEL INN and
	THE COCK public houses
1912	3 beer retailers, THE ANGEL INN and THE COCK public
	houses

24. Personal:

John Beale: (circa 1656) native of parish. Nonconformist minister of Dunmow (1623). Author of 'The Journal of a Thankful Christian'.

25. Other information:

Bramford House: (1693/94)

Parish contains common (tye) of 10 acres (1844)
Bramford Hall: built by John Acton (17th cent.) heightened (early 19th

cent.) stands in park of 300 acres, well wooded with

formal grounds of 20 acres

'The fractured flints of the Eocene "Bull-head" bed at Coe's pit, Bramford (1913)'. Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society Vol. 1 p.397

Archaeological Sites

Ring ditches (CRN 4486, 4489, 4490, 4491)

Med. well (CRN 4493)

PMed. well (CRN 4497)

Round barrow (CRN 4501, 4509)

Oval enclosure (CRN 4506)

Rom. Road (CRN 4510)

Stray finds: Rom. Pottery (CRN 4487, 4496, 4505, 4515)

Pal. Bone (CRN 4492)

Worked flint (CRN 4495, 4512)

B.A. pottery (CRN 4494)

Neo. Worked flint (CRN 4498, 4513, 4514)

I.A. coin (CRN 4502) Sax. Pin (CRN 4504)

Pottery (CRN 4516)

Scatter finds: Pal. Worked flint (CRN 4484)

Mes. Axe (CRN 4485)

Med. Pottery (CRN 4488, 4499, 4507, 4508)

Burnt flint patches (CRN 4500)

Rom. Pottery (CRN 4503, 2278, 2320)