1. Parish: Ilketshall St. John

Meaning: Ulfletill's/Ulfcytel's village (Ulfcytel was alderman of East

Anglia)

2. Hundred: Wangford

Deanery: Wangford (early in South Elmham) (-1972), Beccles and

South Elmham (1972-)

Union: Wangford

RDC/UDC: (E.Suffolk) Wangford RD (1894-1934), Wainford RD

(1934-1974), Waveney DC (1974-)

Other administrative details:

Beccles Petty Sessional Division

Beccles and Bungay County Court District

3. Area: 755 acres

4. Soils:

Mixed: a) Slowly permeable calcareous/non calcareous clay

soils, slight risk water erosion

b) Slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loam

over clay

c) Deep peat soils associated with clay over sandy soils

in part very acid, high groundwater levels

5. Types of farming:

1086 Ilketshall Wood for 60 pigs, 5 pigs 1 mill

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow, engaged in rearing in dairying with

some pig-keeping horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp.

1818 Marshall: Course of crops varies usually including

summer fallow as preparation for corn

products

1937 Main Crops: Wheat, barley

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beet

6. Enclosure:

7. Settlement:

It has been suggested that the four parishes that make up the Ilketshalls were laid out as a unit with arrangements

for inter-commoning

1961 Compact community around church, situated at

crossroads where Mettingham to Ilketshall St. Lawrence road and Bungay to Ilketshall St. Andrew road meet.

Scattered farms

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 5, 1801 – 7, 1851 – 13, 1871 – 17,

1901 - 14, 1951 - 13, 1981 - 10

8. Communications:

Road: A144 Halesworth – Bungay road, Roads to Mettingham,

Ilketshall St. Lawrence and Ilketshall St. Margaret

Roads unsafe for travelling and practically impassible for

several months of the year (18th cent.)

Rail: 1891 2 miles Bungay station: Tivetshall – Lowestoft line

Opened (1860), closed (1964)

9. Population:

1086 — Ilketshall: 82 recorded

1327 — Ilketshall: 83 taxpayers paid £4. 14s.

1524 — 21 taxpayers paid £1. 13s. 1d. (Includes Ilketshall St

Lawrence)

1603 — 32 adults

1674 — 5 households

1676 — not recorded

1801 — 51 inhabitants

1831 — 72 inhabitants

1851 — 72 inhabitants

1871 — 87 inhabitants

1901 — 72 inhabitants

1931 — 70 inhabitants

1951 — 43 inhabitants

1971 — 30 inhabitants

1981 — 33 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory (-1309), Vicarage (1309-), Rectory (1831)

1254	Valued £8. 13s. 4d.
1267	Advowson conveyed to Sir James de Ilksetshall with 1
	Acre of land
1291	Valued £8. 13s. 4d.
1307	Appropriated by Prioress of Bungay
1535	Valued £8. 13s. 4d.
1831	Glebe house. Gross income £311 p.a.

Rectory house valued £311. 41 acres glebe. Tithes

commuted for yearly rent-charge of £230. Rector receives

£50 p.a. from tithes of 3 other Ilketshalls (1831) Annexed to Ilketshall St. Lawrence (1912)

Joint nett value £240. 97 acres glebe and residence

Patrons: Prioress/convent of Bungay (1327-1518), Duke of Norfolk

(1564), The Crown (1555-1579), William Dix and William Cautrell (1575), Crown (1831), Lord Chancellor (1912)

11. Church St. John Baptist

(Chancel, nave, W. tower)

1267 Forfeited to Prioress of Bungay by Sir James de Ilketshall

on failure to repay loan of 27 1/2 marks of silver

13th cent. Chancel 1860 Restored

Seats: 64 (1915)

12. Nonconformity etc:

1597 3 persons accused of incontinency

1840 Wesleyan chapel built

13. Manorial:

Ilketshall Manor (Includes parishes of St. Andrew, St. John, St.

Lawrence, St. Margaret, All Saints Mettingham, St. Mary

and Holy Trinity, Bungay)

1086 Manor of 2 carucates belonging to Earl Hugh in Hands of

Wulfsi under patronage of Gyrth

1086 Manor of 60 acres belonging to Earl Hugh in hands of

Alwy under patronage of Wulfsi

1086 Manor of 2 carucates belonging to Earl Hugh in hands of

Burghard

12th cent. Ilketshall family owns

14th cent. de Norwich family owns (linked to numerous manors

throughout Suffolk)

1362 Linked to Dalham Manor1541 Sir Thomas Denny owns

Sub Manors:

Wellington's

1371 Sir John Howard owns

Ilketshall Bardolph's

Held under the Honor of Lancaster
Sir W. Bardolf, Lord Bardolf of Wirmegay owns (linked to
Clopton)
Crown holds in hands of Sir Richard Wingfield at rent of 1
penny p.a.
Sir John Rous owns (linked to Henham)
Joseph Windham owns

Sherlock's

1458	Roger Rookwood owns (linked to Euston)
1564	Sir James Calthorpe owns)

St. Andrew

1281	James de Ilketshall owns
Early 16 th	George Duke owns
cent.	
1563	Sir Nicholas Bacon owns (linked to numerous manors
	throughout Suffolk)
1846	Rev. Jeremy Day owns

Elli's and Strattons (thought to include part of Lt. Redisham)

1275	Peter Fitz Osbert owns
15 th cent.	Goneld family owns
1422	Thomas Croftes of Beccles owns
1476	Thomas Duke owns (linked to Shadingfield and Benhall)
1742	Rev. Thomas Tanner of London owns (linked to
	Redisham)

<u>Lions</u>

1286 Abbot of West Dereham, Norfolk owns

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844	£791 rental value
1891	£837 rateable value
1912	£543 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844/1912 Land sub-divided

17. Resident gentry:

1680 **1** gent recorded

18. Occupations:

1500-1599	llketshall: 8 yeomen, 1 husbandman
1600-1649	1 yeoman, 1 labourer
1650-1699	Ilketshall: 1 yeoman
1831	21 in agriculture, 1 in retail trade, 1 in labouring, 9 in
	domestic service
1844	3 farmers
1912	3 farmers, 1 farm bailiff

19. Education:

1818	Sunday school (shared with Ilketshall St. Andrew) (72 attend)
1833	Sunday school (9 attend)
1870	National school established, shared with Ilketshall St. Andrew (60 day and 90 Sunday pupils), enlarged (1876), 1895 and 1907), average attendance (1912) 95

20. Poor relief:

1776	£22. 8s. 8d.	spent on poor relief
1803	£46. 1s.	spent on poor relief
1818	£82. 4s.	spent on poor relief
1830	£112. 16s.	spent on poor relief
1832	£150. 13s.	spent on poor relief
1834	£117. 17s.	spent on poor relief

21. Charities:

22. Other institutions:

23. Recreation:

24. Personal:

Ilketshall: Sir Edward Denny, Earl of Norwich (1626)

25. Other information:

Motte and bailey: conical mound 23' high surrounded by moat. Protected by rampart. To south is horseshoe shaped bailey with enclosing ditch which joins mound on western side. Situated near Roman Road (Stone Street)

Archaeological Sites:

Motte and bailey castle (CRN 951) Field boundary (CRN 952)

Rom. axe (CRN 953) Rom. coin (CRN 954) Stray finds: