1. Parish: Otley

Meaning: Otta's clearing

2. Hundred: Carlford

Deanery: Carlford (-1972), Woodbridge (1972-)

Union: Woodbridge

RDC/UDC: (E. Suffolk) Woodbridge R.D. (1894–1934), Deben R.D.

(1934–1974), Suffolk Coastal D.C. (1974–)

Other administrative details:

Woodbridge Petty Sessional Division and County Court

District

3. Area: 2,168 acres (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a. Slowly permeable calcareous/non-calcareous clay

soils, slight risk water erosion

b. Some permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loam

over clay soils

5. Types of farming:

1086 8 acres meadow, wood for 29 pigs, 6 cattle,

50 pigs, 2 cobs, 100 sheep, 25 goats, 6

beehives

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow, engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig-keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp.

1818 Marshall: Course of crops varies usually including

summer fallow as preparation for corn

products

1937 Main crops: Wheat, barley, beans, roots

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beet

6. Enclosure:

1809 25 acres of Otley Green reputedly enclosed

7. Settlement:

1958 (CloptonSmall compact development around crossroads

Framsden and Cretingham-Ashbocking with extension along road to Cretingham called Otley Green. Church situated at extreme southern end of development on road to Clopton. Secondary settlements at Otley Bottom and

Gibraltar.

Some scattered farms.

Line of Roman road crosses W-E in southern sector of

parish.

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 36, 1801 – 36, 1851 – 134,

1871 - 142, 1901 - 120, 1951 - 166,

1981 - 216

8. Communications:

Road: To Hemingstone, Swilland, Grudisburgh, Clopton,

Framsden, Cretingham and Ashbocking

Line of Roman road

1844 Carriers to Ipswich Tuesday and Saturday, Postman to

Ipswich daily

1891 Carriers to Ipswich Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

(also 1912)

Rail: 1891 6 miles Westerfield station: Westerfield–Felixstowe

line opened 1877, Ipswich-Lowestoft line opened

1859, both still operational

6 miles Little Bealings station: Ipswich-Lowestoft line,

opened 1859, station closed for passengers 1956,

closed for goods 1965

9. Population:

1086 - 63 recorded

1327 - 25 taxpayers paid £2 15s. 10d.

1524 - 35 taxpayers paid £8 12s. 10d.

1603 - 130 adults

1674 - 38 households

1676 - Not recorded

1801 - 415 inhabitants

1831 - 616 inhabitants

1851 - 661 inhabitants

1871 - 625 inhabitants

1901 - 530 inhabitants

1931 - 518 inhabitants

1951 - 528 inhabitants

1971 - 471 inhabitants

1981 - 627 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory

1254 1291	Valued £14 13s. 4d. Valued £16
1535	Valued £16 6s. 5½d.
1831	1 curate, stipend £120 p.a. Glebe house unfit for occupation
	Valued £510 1835
	Rectory house built 1839
	72 acres 2R 9P glebe. Tithes commuted for £670 p.a. c.1844
1912	Nett value £400 p.a. 70 acres glebe and residence
Patrons:	Lord Burgavenne (1603), Earl Abergavenny (1831),

Marquis of Abergavenny (1912)

11. Church St. Mary

(Chancel, clerestoried nave, N & S porches, W. tower)

1086	Church + 20 acres, value 4s.
14 th cent.	Main structure
15 th cent.	Clerestory added
1643	Puritanical Vandals (William Dowsing) removed 50
	superstitious pictures, cross from chancel, 2 inscriptions
	and 20 cherubim
1879	Restoration, majority of chancel rebuilt
	Note: Church contains a very rare example of an
	immersion font 7' x 4'. Thought to have been used by
	Anabaptists in 17 th century.

Seats: 300 (1915)

12. Nonconformity etc:

Baptists chapel built 1800, enlarged 1837, renovated 1868, seats 500

13. Manorial:

1066	Manor of 2 carucates held by Edwold a free man of
	Harolds
1086	Manor of 2 carucates belonging to Roger of Poitou and
	held by Andrew

Overhall

1066	Manor of 1 carucate held by Lustwin under patronage of Edric
1086	Manor of 1 carucate belonging to Humphrey the Chamberlain

Henry de Hastings, prior, owns 14th cent. John, 3rd Earl of Pembroke owns

c.1492 Sir George Nevill, 3rd Lord Abergavenny owns

1870 Edward Broughton Rouse owns

c.1872 John, Lord Tollemache owns (linked to numerous manors

throughout Suffolk)

Sub-Manors:

Netherall

12th cent. Adam de Otteley owns 14th cent. Thomas de Cressener owns

c.1454 John Gosnold owns

17th cent. Isaac Martin Rebow owns

1909 Hector John Curdon Rebow owns

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844 £3,697 rental value 1891 £3,121 rateable value 1912 £2,163 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844/1891 Land sub-divided 1912 Not recorded

17. Resident gentry:

1679 Mr. Armiger and Lionel Gosnold

1844 Rev. Francis Storr MA 1912 Rev. H.W.C. Geldart MA

18. Occupations:

1500–1549 1 husbandman

1550-1599 4 yeomen, 1 carpenter

1600–1649 10 yeomen, 3 coopers, 1 shoemaker

1650-1699 13 yeomen, 1 clerk

1831 131 in agriculture, 22 in retail trade, 1 professional,

3 in labouring, 18 in domestic service, 2 others

1844 2 victuallers, postman, grocer/draper, 2 schoolteachers,

grocer, tailor, bricklayer/plasterer, shopkeeper, seedsman, collar/harness maker, 2 blacksmiths 4

boot/shoemakers, beerhouse keeper, 2 corn millers, 20

farmers, 2 joiners, 2 wheelwrights

1912 Sub-postmistress, schoolmistress, police officer,

grocer/draper, dressmaker, 14 farmers, 4 farm bailiffs, 2 shoemakers, miller, carpenter, shopkeeper, wheelwright, baker, carrier, surgeon, insurance agent, grocer, saddler,

cycle repairer, blacksmith

19. Education:

1818	A school, few attend due to poverty of the parents
1833	1 daily school (8 attend) 1 Sunday school (established

church) (founded 1830), 45 attend

1 Baptist Sunday school (established 1827), 64 attend School built 1839 by Rev. Francis Storr, improved

1874, average attendance 1912 72

School Board formed 1873

20. Poor relief:

1776	£78 17s. 10d.
1803	£166 18s. 8d.
1818	£910 13s.
1830	£599 10s.
1832	£712 4s.
1834	£799 13s.

21. Charities:

Pleasant's Gift:

1840 Of Geoffry Pleasants: £1 p.a. paid by Ipswich

Corporation and applied in bread to poor most in

need.

22. Other institutions:

1803	1 Friendly Society (25 members)
1912	Police officer listed

23. Recreation:

1844	The White Horse and The White Hart public houses,
	1 beerhouse
1891	The White Hart public house
1912	Otley Athletic Sports and The White Hart public house

24. Personal:

John Gosnold: Gosnold family occupied Otley Hall for many years but were forced to sell the estate as a result of their Royalist sympathies. See Suffolk Review No.3, p.25.

(d.1628) Solicitor-general 1552. Monument erected to him claim royal descent.

Bartholomew Gosnold: discoverer of Cape Cod 1602. Believed also to be the discoverer of New England. One of the founders of Jamestown, Virginia 1607. Died of swamp fever *c*.1607. (See Gosnold family folder in box file in RO).

Robert Gosnold: Cavalier: showed courage at sieges of Carlisle and Oxford 17th cent.

25. Other information:

Otley Green: comprised of 25 acres in its pre-enclosed state.

Otley Hall: ancient mansion, wall said to contain date 1440. 15th/early 16th cent. building, built by Robert Gosnold, exhibits 4 centred entrance arch. Part moated, formerly had gatehouse and drawbridge.

High House: *c*.1500 timber framed building with brick noggin in parts.

Barrow: motte and bailey castle mound, ¼ mile S. of church.

'Excursions to Otley', PSIA Vol XE, p.205 – concerns Otley Hall which contains former open cockpit and bowling alley – PSIA Vol.35, p.242.

'The Mount' called Otley Barrow: 20' high, flat summit surrounded by fosse (3' deep), indications of bailey on northern side.

High Hall: c.1500. See PSIA Vol.35, p.242.

'A Roman road at Otley' by E.J. Owles. PSIA Vol.31, p.185.