# 1. Parish: Stanton

**Meaning:** Homestead/village on stony ground

2. Hundred: Blackbourn

**Deanery:** Blackburne (–1972), lxworth (1972–)

**Union:** Thingoe (1836–1907), Bury St Edmunds (1907–1930)

RDC/UDC: (W. Suffolk) Thingoe RD (-1974), St Edmundsbury DC

(1974-)

#### Other administrative details:

Possible union between the parishes of Stanton All Saints and Stanton St. John the Baptist 17<sup>th</sup> cent.

Blackbourn Petty Sessional Division Bury St Edmunds County Court District

**3. Area**: 3,319 acres (1912)

4. Soils:

**Mixed:** a. Slowly permeable seasonally water-logged fine loam

over clay

b. Deep fine loam soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal water-logging. Some fine/coarse loams over clay. Some deep well drained coarse loam

over clay, fine loam and sandy soils

## 5. Types of farming:

1086 14 acres meadow, wood for 18 pigs, 2 cobs,

3 cattle, 28 pigs, 52 sheep, 30 goats

1283 517 quarters to crops (4,136 bushels), 72

head horse, 244 cattle, 112 pigs, 395

sheep\*

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow, engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp.

1818 Marshall: Course of crops varies usually including

summer fallow in preparation for corn

products

1937 Main crops: Wheat, barley, oats, turnips

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beet.

\* 'A Suffolk Hundred in 1283', by E. Powell 1910. Concentrates on Blackbourn Hundred. Gives land usage, livestock and the taxes paid.

#### 6. Enclosure:

1350–1600 Evidence suggest early enclosures in southern sector

1785 1<sup>st</sup> enclosure bill rejected by freeholders

Note: 75% of parish enclosed by 1780's

1800 831 acres enclosed under Private Act of Lands 1798

'Opposition to Enclosure in a Suffolk Village', by D.

Dymond. Suffolk Review Vol.5 (1), p.13.

## 7. Settlement:

1958 Small compact development to SE of main road,

Appears to have grown around junction of roads to Bardwell, Walsham le Willows, Hepworth. All Saints

church centrally situated.

Secondary settlement to north of main road. St Johns church separately situated to the south. Settlement also exists at Upthorpe. The two main areas of development are divided by the main Bury St. Edmunds—Norwich road. Site of disused airfield occupies eastern sector of parish on boundary with Walsham-le-Willows. Scattered

farms

**Inhabited houses:** 1674 – 75, 1801 – 135, 1851 – 234, 1871 – 218,

1901 - 190, 1951 - 223, 1981 - 770

#### 8. Communications:

**Roads:** To Hepworth, Walsham le Willows, Bardwell,

Ixworth and Barningham

Main Bury St. Edmunds–Norwich road (Scole Bridge to Bury St. Edmunds turnpike road 17/18<sup>th</sup>

cent.

By-pass built 1959

1844: Carrier to Bury St Edmunds on Wednesday and Saturday Post to Ixworth twice daily

1891/1912:

Carrier to Bury St Edmunds on Wednesday and Saturday

Rail: 1891 6½ miles Thurston station:

Bury St Edmunds—Cambridge line opened

1846, closed for goods 1964, became

unmanned halt 1967

Air: Shepherds Grove air base: Wartime airbase used

by American Air Force. Remained in service

-1956

Land auctioned by Ministry of Defence 1966, part retuned to agriculture, remainder converted to

industrial estate

## 9. Population:

1086 - 79 recorded

1327 – 40 taxpayers paid £3 15s. 4d.

1524 - 41 taxpayers paid £4 17s. 10d.

1603 - 329 adults

1662 – 88 householders paid £11 10s. 6 poor persons (receiving alms at Christmas) paid £4 16s.\*

1674 - 127 households

1676 – 271 adults

1801 - 728 inhabitants

1831 – 1,035 inhabitants

1851 – 1,082 inhabitants

1871 – 918 inhabitants

1901 - 778 inhabitants

1931 – 660 inhabitants

1951 – 890 inhabitants

1971 – 1,351 inhabitants

1981 – 2,267 inhabitants

# 10. Benefice: Rectory of All Saints with St. James 1831, Discharged Rectory 1891

1254 All Saints: 1 portion valued £6.

Portion of St. Faiths 4s.

Portion of Almoner of St Edmunds 13s. 4d.

Portion of W. de Sengnes £4 £10 17s. 4d

1291 St Johns: Valued £6 13s. 4d.

All Saints: Valued £8.

Portion of St. Faiths 13s. 4d.

Portion of Almoner of St Edmunds in the same £2

£10 13s. 4d.

St Johns: Valued £8 6s. 8d.

All Saints was divided into two half rectories (no dates)

1341 Valued £20

1452 All Saints rectories consolidated 1535 All Saints valued £9 6s. 0½ d.

St. Johns valued £9 4s. 8d.

1736 Rectories of All Saints and St. Johns consolidated

1831 Glebe house. Joint gross income £657 p.a.

Modus of £977 2s. 7d. awarded in lieu of tithes

<sup>\* &#</sup>x27;The Hearth Tax Return for the Hundred of Blackbourn 1662', transcribed by S. Colman. PSIA Vol. XXXII part 2, p.168.

1887 31 acres 0R 10P glebe. Joint rent charge of £985 in lieu

of tithes

1891 33 acres glebe and commodious residence

1912 Nett value £500 p.a. 31 acres glebe and residence

Patrons: Sir Robert Jermyn (1603), R.E. Lofft (1831), W R. Foster

(1912)

11. Church All Saints

(Chancel, nave, S. aisle, W. tower with porch)

1086 Church plus 4 acres

Church plus 28 acres and 4th part of church plus 7 acres

14<sup>th</sup> cent. Main structure 1875 Restoration

Tower top fell in (suggested tower was detached, linked to

main building in 14<sup>th</sup> cent.)

**Seats:** 250 appropriated, 150 free (1873)

**Chapel:** Existed near to Stanton Hall in Middle Ages in ownership of

Bury monks.

Church St. John Baptist

(Chancel, nave, W. tower – built on 2 arches facing N and

S)

1086 As above 14<sup>th</sup> cent. Main structure

15<sup>th</sup> cent. Tower

1616 Chancel virtually rebuilt

1785 Clause in Inclosure Bill for demolition

1810 Described as in very bad repair

1817/1819

and 1850's Restorations

1962 Abandoned and roof removed

1973 Declared redundant

1977 Responsibility of Redundant Churches Fund

**Seats:** 200 appropriated, 100 free (1873)

Notes on All Saints Church:

Said to have held a saint called St. Parnell which was subject to Medieval pilgrimage (Dictionary of Saints, extract in parish folder)

folder)

#### 12. Nonconformity etc:

1593 3 recusants 'obstinatlie refuse to come to publique prayer and

hearings of the worded god preached'

2 persons negligent in receiving communion for 12 months

1 single woman refuses to attend church and is described as

'supposed to be dangerously infected with most points of

popery'

1611 2 persons negligent in attending church

1796–1846 6 houses set aside for worship

1839 Wesleyan Chapel built, demolished by 1891, new chapel built

on new site 1885. Seats 200

1880 Primitive Methodist Chapel built

## 13. Manorial:

# **Stanton All Saints**

1066/1086 Manor of 1 carucate belonging to the Abbot of St.

Edmunds

1539. Sir Thomas Jermyn owns (linked to Bradfield Combust,

Rougham, Lt. Whelnetham and Bardwell)

c.1579 Sir Arthur Capel owns

c.1781 Capel Loffts owns and remained with the Loffts family

until early 20<sup>th</sup> cent. (linked to Troston)

## **Sub-manors:**

#### Stanton St. John, Michfields and Badwells

14<sup>th</sup> cent. Edmund de Stanton owns
 1428 Robert Stanton owns

Late 15<sup>th</sup> cent.

John Ashfield owns

1533 Thomas Jermyn owns (absorbed by All Saints)

#### 14. Markets/Fairs:

1759 Fair for toys held on 11<sup>th</sup> June c.1784 Hiring fairs held at Cock Inn Pedlary fair held on 31<sup>st</sup> May

1844 Fair for pleasure and pedlary held on Whit Monday

Fair held on 31<sup>st</sup> May for pleasure and pedlary abolished

by 1891

# 15. Real property:

1815	Rates 4s. in £
1844	£3,828 rental value
1891	£3,969 rateable value
1912	£3,308 rateable value

#### 16. Land ownership:

1844 R.E. Lofft and Mrs. Vautier plus small owners
 1891 R.E. Lofft, principal owner
 1912 A. Maitland Wilson and Surgeon Bros. Ltd., principal owners

## 17. Resident gentry:

Gamaliel Capell DD has property with 6 hearths

1844 Rev. G. Bidwell

1891/1912 Rev. H.S. Dudding MA

## 18. Occupations:

1500-1549 1 yeoman 1 mercer, 6 husbandmen, 5 yeomen, 1 labourer, 1 tailor, 1550-1599 1 lime burner, 2 shepherds, 1 parson 1600-1649 1 clerk, 1 butcher, 6 husbandmen, 16 yeomen, 3 labourers, 1 spinster, 1 tailor, 1 bricklayer, 1 clothier, 1 shepherd, 2 carpenters, 1 brickmaker, 1 innholder, 1 timber master 1650-1699 1 clerk, 1 butcher, 3 husbandmen, 25 yeomen, 4 thatchers, 2 labourers, 1 cooper, 1 glover, 1 spinster, 2 tailors, 1 bricklayers, 2 grocers, 1 collar maker, 1 carpenter, 2 innholders, 1 wheelwright, 1 blacksmith, 1 chirurgeon/surgeon, 1 joiner 149 in agriculture, 55 in retail trade, 4 professionals, 38 in 1831 labouring, 39 in domestic service. 24 others 1844 Collar/harness maker, 3 victuallers, gardener, maltster, farrier, gamekeeper, 3 beerhouse keepers, 4 academics, 3 bakers, 3 blacksmiths, 4 boot/shoemakers, 3 bricklayers, 2 carpenters, lime burner, 4 corn millers, 19 farmers, 6 grocers, 2 tailors, 2 surgeons, 2 wheelwrights 1912 Sub-postmistress, schoolmaster, police officer, 2 beer retailers, blacksmith, carpenter, 2 bakers, shoemaker, miller (wind), 14 farmers, grocer/draper/outfitter/ newsagent, bricklayer, shopkeeper/photographer, tailor, girls school proprietor, builder, 2 farm bailiffs, 2 shopkeepers, 4 publicans, saddler, wheelwright, grocer, blacksmith/ironmonger/rate collector, engineers and

c.1966 Shepherds Grove Industrial Estate situated on site of former airfield, accommodates a variety of light industrial

threshing machine proprietor, shoemaker, agricultural

businesses

engineers, gamekeeper, butcher

c.1981 Shetland Boats, closed 1982

#### 19. Education:

1794 1 Sunday school existed

3 day schools (53 attend), 1 Sunday school (40 attend)
2 daily schools (45 attend), 1 boarding establishment
(established 1823) (20 boys attend), 1 Sunday school
(60–100 attend)
4 Academies, 3 of which take boarders
School Board formed
School built to accommodate 200
Public Elementary school built, average attendance 1912
150, closed 1980
Girls school run by Mrs Octavia Hazlewood
Blackbourne Middle School opened
New primary school opened, retained original bell from
former school

#### 20. Poor relief:

1776	£149 19s. 10d.
1803	£622 9s. 8d.
1818	£1,462 14s.
1830	£982
1832	£1,136 10s.
1834	£733 12s.

#### 21. Charities:

# **Church Land:**

7 acres called Chilsaw Croft (ancient acquisition) and 5 acres called Thorns (acquired 1631), lands let at £20 p.a.

applied to repair of churches

#### **Town Houses:**

House and cottage acquired occupied by poor persons

## **Tricker's Charity:**

By will of Catherine Tricker: lands let at £2 p.a. formerly distributed in bread and money

## Firmage's Charity:

By will of William Firmage: 1 acre 2R 32P called Little Seal, Rattlesden let at £1 11s. applied to purchase of coals

## **Poors Allotments:**

1840 2 allotments of 32 acres and 12 acres respectively awarded on enclosure let at £90 p.a. applied to purchase of coals

#### 22. Other institutions:

	Guild of Jesus (no dates)
1472	Guild of All Saints
1475	Guild of St. John
1779	Town House purchased, occupied by poor rent free 1844
1803	Friendly Society (27 members)
1891	Police officer listed
19 <sup>th</sup> cent.	'Pest house' in existence
1912	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds

#### 23. Recreation:

2 innholders recorded
The Rose & Crown, The Cock Inn and The George Inn
public houses, 3 beerhouses
3 beerhouses, The Rose & Crown, The George, The
Cock and The Horseshoes public houses
As 1891 except the Horseshoes public house has
become the Three Horseshoes and there are only 2 beer
retailers
'Stanton and Hepworth Scout Group: 30 years of
scouting'
The Angel public house

#### 24. Personal:

Hervey de Stanton (d.1327) founder of Michaelhouse, Cambridge and was Chancellor of Exchequer

Edward Capell (1713–1781) born at Troston Hall. Distinguished commentary on Shakespeare. Held office of Deputy Inspector of Plays.

Capel Lofft (1751–1824) – 'Capel Lofft, some genealogical notes', by H.

Hawes. Suffolk Review Vol.3 part 3, p.86.

'The Man who knew everyone – Capel Lofft' by R.L. Healey. Suffolk Fair (Nov. 1984) p.22.

'The Life of Capel Loff, communicated by himself'. The Monthly Mirror (1802) contained in Bury Pamphlets Vol.VI.

### 25. Other information:

'Church and Parish Messenger' 1975 –

'The Churches of Stanton, Suffolk', by D. Dymond 1977.

Ann Avery (26) supposedly murdered by Thomas Hammond 1794 although he was found not guilty and acquitted. 'The Turnip Field Murder, Stanton' contained in 'Some Suffolk Murders' by R. Deeks.

'Roman settlement at Stanton Chair (Chare), Nr. Ixworth, Suffolk' by G. Maynard and B. Brown. PSIA Vol.22, p.339.

Large heath existed of 375 acres in northern sector of parish 1780's.

Shepherds Grove Caravan Park 20<sup>th</sup> cent., situated off the Upthorpe Road.

Village Hall, known as Shepherds Hall, sold 1981, built c.1910.

Village sign unveiled 1986.

16<sup>th</sup> cent. thatched bakery, run for approx. 100 years by Miller family, destroyed by fire 1975.

Field Court home for the elderly opened 1974.

19<sup>th</sup> cent. post mill 1760 situated at Upthorpe Hill, built 1807. Grade II listed. First recorded on site 1760. Last example of Norfolk type in existence which is complete.

2 cases of incendiarism due to agrarian unrest 1843, 7 cases in 1844.