1. Parish: Thelnetham

Meaning: Homestead frequented by swans

2. Hundred: Blackbourn

Deanery: Blackburne (-1972), Ixworth (1972-)

Union: Thetford

RDC/UDC: (W. Suffolk) Brandon RD (1894-1935), Thingoe RD

(1935–1974), St. Edmundsbury DC (1974–)

Other administrative details:

Gains area known as Weston Hindle from Market Weston

1886

Blackbourn Petty Sessional Division Thetford County Court District

3. Area: 1,919 acres (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a. Deep fine loam soils with slowly permeable subsoils

and slight seasonal waterlogging. Some fine/coarse loams over clay. Some deep well drained coarse loam

over clay, fine loam and sandy soils

b. Deep well drained sandy soils, some very acid, especially under heath or woodland. Risk wind erosion c. Deep permeable sand and peat soils affected by groundwater. Risk of winter flooding and wind erosion

5. Types of farming:

1086 8 acres meadow, wood for 60 pigs, 1 mill, 1

cob, 3 cattle, 25 pigs, 35 sheep, 3 beehives

1283 412 quarters to crops (3,296 bushels), 60

head horse, 202 cattle 132 pigs, 213 sheep*

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow, engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp.

Also has similarities with sheep-corn region where sheep are main fertilising agent, bred

for fattening, barley main cash crop

1818 Marshall: Wide variations of crop and management

techniques including summer fallow in

preparation for corn and rotation of turnip,

barley, clover, wheat on lighter lands

1937 Main crops: Wheat, barley, beans, peas, clover

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beet.

* 'A Suffolk Hundred in 1283', by E. Powell 1910. Concentrates on Blackbourn Hundred. Gives land usage, livestock and the taxes paid.

6. Enclosure:

1821 283 acres enclosed under Private Act of Lands 1818

7. Settlement:

1958 Small settlement, no obvious centre. Church appears

isolated near to eastern border with Hinderclay.

Scattered farms

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 53, 1801 – 65, 1851 – 101, 1871 – 99,

1901 - 76, 1951 - 76, 1981 - 89

8. Communications:

Roads: To Blo Norton, Hinderclay, Hepworth, Hopton,

Market Weston and Wattisfield

1891 Carriers to Bury St Edmunds on

Wednesday to Diss on Friday

1912 Carrier to Diss on Friday

Water: Little Ouse River: Tributary of Great Ouse River

made navigable by Acts designed to improve navigation 1670 although there is some evidence

to suggest that the river was used for trade purposes earlier than this. Declined due to rail transport and general silting of the river *c*.1850's

9. Population:

1086 - 42 recorded

1327 - 21 taxpayers paid £1 12s. 41/4d.

1524 - 39 taxpayers paid £2 9s. 11d.

1603 - 80 adults

1662 - 48 householders paid £6 9s.*

1674 - 82 households

1676 - 136 adults

1801 - 444 inhabitants

1831 - 553 inhabitants

1851 - 552 inhabitants

1871 - 421 inhabitants

1901 - 326 inhabitants 1931 - 281 inhabitants 1951 - 261 inhabitants 1971 - 246 inhabitants 1981 - 253 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory (1831), Discharged Rectory (1844)

1254	Valued £12.
1291	Valued £16.
1341	Valued £16 9s. 8d.
1535	Valued £16 18s. 1½d.
1603	Incumbent also holds Rectory of Rollesvye
1831	1 curate, stipend £70 p.a. Glebe house unfit for residence. Gross income £518 p.a. Incumbent also holds Rectory of Lt. Ellingham and Vicarage of Great Ellingham
1835	Valued £508
1841	23 acres glebe and residence built
1891	Rent charge of £528 p.a.
1912	Nett value £252 p.a. 23 acres glebe and residence Churchyard enlarged

Patrons: Edmund Buckenham (1603), S. Colby (1831), Rev. E.H.

Sawbridge (1873), Incumbent (1891)

11. Church St. Nicholas

(Chancel, side chapel, nave, S. aisle, porch, W. tower)

1086 Church plus 20 acres

c.1300 Main structure with 15th cent. Additions

1871/1895-98

Restorations

Seats: 86 appropriated, 222 free (1873)

12. Nonconformity etc:

1748–1835 5 houses set aside for worship

13. Manorial:

1066	Manor of 2 carucates held by Acwulf, a thane
1086	Manor of 2 carucates belonging to Frodo, the Abbot's brother
−13 th cent.	Peter de Brettenham owns
13 th cent.	William de Thelnetham owns
c.1373	Hugh de Bokenham owns
c.1560	Thomas Carryll owns

^{* &#}x27;The Hearth Tax Return for the Hundred of Blackbourn 1662', transcribed by S. Colman. PSIA Vol. XXXII part 2, p.168

1590	Edmund Buckenham/Bokenham owns (linked to Stoke Ash,
	Thornham, Thornham Parva, Gt. Cornard, Gt. Livermere)
1715	Thomas Tyrrell owns
1764	Dr. Thurston owns (linked to Market Weston)
1847	Sir Edward Kerrison owns
1905	Lady Bateman owns

Sub-Manors:

<u>Cressy</u>

1251	Hugh de Cressy owns
14 th cent.	Peter de Thelnetham owns (absorbed by main manor)

Eye TheInetham

	Described as parcel of the Manor of Eye c.1650, appears
	annexed to the Priory of Eye
1805	Charles, Marquis of Cornwallis owns (linked to Ingham,
	Braiseworth, Brome, Palgrave, Thrandeston, Cavenham,
	Culford, West Stow and Wordwell)
1825	Matthias Kerrison owns (absorbed by main manor) (linked to
	Braiseworth, Brome, Eye and Yaxley)

Rectory of TheInetham

	Custom of manor to the younger son
1697	Rental £2 4s. 71/4d.
1748	Edmund Tyrrel owns
1905	Rev. John Sikes Sawbridge owns
1748	Edmund Tyrrel owns

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844	£1,999 rental value
1891	£2,432 rateable value
1912	£1,636 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844-1912 Land sub-divided

17. Resident gentry:

1680	1 gent
1912	Rev. Canon J.S. Sawbridge MA

18. Occupations:

1550-1599	6 husbandmen, 4 yeoman, 1 glover, 1 labourer, 1 weaver
1600-1649	8 husbandmen, 14 yeomen, 2 glovers, 2 cordwainer/
	shoemakers, 6 linen weavers, 2 labourers, 1 weaver, 1
	carpenter, 1 clerk
1650-1699	1 tailor, 11 yeomen, 5 husbandman, 8 linen weavers, 1
	labourer, 1 weaver, 1 bricklayer, 1 wheelwright
1831	90 in agriculture, 16 in retail trade, 1 professional, 6 in
	labouring, 14 in domestic service, 4 others
1844	3 shoemakers, victualler, millwright/engineer, corn miller,
	butcher, shopkeeper/tailor, wheelwright, surgeon,
	schoolmistress, tailor, blacksmith, 15 farmers
1912	Sub-postmaster, schoolmaster, 9 farmers, miller, asst.
	overseer, currier, poultry dealer, beer retailer, land
	steward, farm bailiff, expert water finder/artesian well
	engineer, publican, bootmaker

19. Education:

1818	1 Sunday school (40 attend)
1832	1 daily school established (15 boys attend)
1833	2 Infant schools established (12 attend)
1844	School mistress listed
	Old school built 1842 converted into teachers
	accommodation
1872	National school built, known as St. Helens, average attendance 1912 52
	attendance 1912 52

20. Poor relief:

1776	£136	15s. 9d.
1803	£336	0s. 3½d.
1818	£677	8s.
1830	£837	1s.
1832	£678	8s.
1834	£732	17s.

21. Charities:

Town Estate:

Allotment of 28 acres 1R 34P awarded at enclosure let at £32. 12s. p.a. applied to church repairs, churchwardens expenses, residue applied to general support of the poor

Firmage's Charity:

by will of William Firmage: 1 acre 2R 31P called Little Seal, Rattlesden, let at £1 12s. p.a. for distribution among poor persons

Poors Allotment:

circa 40 acres set aside for provision of turf etc. for fuel

Town House:

1891 Purchased by Rev. E.H. Sawbridge and money invested,

interest of which is distributed among poor

22. Other institutions:

1464	Guild of St. John Baptist
1519	Guild of St. Peter
15/16 th cent.	Guild of St. Nicholas
1643-1879	Town house in existence
1803	Friendly Society (36 members)

23. Recreation:

1844	The White Horse public house
1891	1 beerhouse, The White Horse public house
1912	1 beer retailer, The White Horse public house
1934	The Evergreen Oak public house

24. Personal:

Edmund Gonville, rector of Thelnetham 1340, founder of Gonville Hall later Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.

Diary of Thomas King (carpenter) of Thelnetham 1766–1838. Diaries cover years 1804–1838. Suffolk Review Vol. 4 (No. 5), p.215.

'Community Farm' by J. Middleton Murry, literary critic and philosopher, resident of Thelnetham 1952.

25. Other information:

Near Cross Green Farm: remains of plinth and shaft of village cross known as 'Trappetes' cross. Probably relates to following.

Evergreen Oak Inn: base and portion of cross shaft situated in orchard Believed built in accordance with will of John Cole 1527.

Derelict tower mill

Thelnetham Mill: post mill has stood on site since at least 1780. Present mill built 1819 for William Button, ceased working 1924 (situated on Thelnetham Fen). Restoration *c*.1979–1986.

'Thelnetham Windmill, history and guide', by P. Dolman 1983. 100 persons emigrated to America from Thelnetham 1830.

* 'A Suffolk Hundred in 1283', by E. Powell (1910). Concentrates on Blackbourn Hundred. Gives land usage, livestock and the taxes paid.