1. Parish: Trimley St. Mary

Meaning: Trymma's clearing (EKWALL)

2. Hundred: COLNEIS

Deanery: Colneys

Union: Woodbridge

RDC/UDC: (E. Suffolk) Woodbridge RD (1894-1934), Deben RD

(1934-1974), Suffolk Coastal DC (1974-)

Other administrative details:

Woodbridge County Court District and Petty Sessional Division

3. Area: 1,534 acres land, 71 acres of tidal water and 153 acres of

foreshore (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a) Deep well drained sandy soils. Risk Wind erosion

b) Deep well drained coarse loams (often stoneless),

some sandy loams. Risk water erosion.

c) Deep stoneless calcareous/ non calcareous clay soils.

Slight risk flooding near river.

5. Types of farming:

1500-1640 Thirsk: Light lands, sheep/corn region, sheep main

fertilizing agent, bred for fattening. Barley

main cash crop.

1818 Marshall: Area known as the Sandlings where the

cultivation of carrots is undertaken.

YOUNG: Their culture of carrots, their breed of horses is nowhere else to be seen(1813)

1937 Market Gardening

1969 Trist: The sand is ideal for carrot production which

was resumed in the post war period, now mainly produced for canning. Other crops

are turnip and kale seed.

6. Enclosure:

1804 & 1808 Trimley Heath enclosed

1807 541 acres enclosed at Trimley St. Mary, St. Martin,

Kirton and nacton under private acts of lands 1805

7. Settlement:

1958 Boundary runs through centre of churchyard (shared with

Trimley St. Martin). Original settlement arranged along

the main road.

Secondary development at Candlet.

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 23, 1801 – 43, 1851 – 91, 1871 – 92, 1901

– 131, 1951 – 268, 1981 – 853

8. Communications:

Road: Main Ipswich - Felixstowe road.

1844 Carrier to Ipswich on Tuesday and Saturday (1891)

Rail: 1891 Station in parish. Ipswich - Felixstowe line opened 1877 Water: River Orwell - navigable to sea going vessels to Ipswich

9. Population:

1086 — 18 recorded

1327 — 56 taxpayers paid £6. 1s. ½d. (Includes Trimley St. Martin and Altingston)

1524 — 34 taxpayers paid £3. 17s. 8d.

1603 — 105 adults

1674 — 28 households

1676 — Not listed

1801 — 330 inhabitants

1831 — 401 inhabitants

1851 — 394 inhabitants

1871 — 411 inhabitants

1901 — 594 inhabitants 1931 — 865 inhabitants

1951 — 777 inhabitants

1971 — 1,677 inhabitants

1981 — 2,267 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory (1831) Discharged Rectory (1844)

1254	Valued £13. 6s. 8d.
1291	Valued £16. 13s. 4d.
1535	Valued - ditto -
1831	1 Curate, stipend £72 p.a. Glebe house. Incumbent also
	holds perpetual curacy of St. Nicholas, Ipswich
1835	Valued £355
1858	Residence built
1840	Tithes communted for £480. 6s. 9d.
1887	4 acres 2R 14P glebe.
Patrons:	Crown (1603-1831), Lord Chancellor (1891)

11. Church St. Mary (Situated in same churchyard as St. Martin)

(Chancel, nave, S. porch, W. tower)

1086 1 church + 20 acres, valued 40d. 1 church + 8 acres,

valued 8d. 1 church at Alston + 5 acres free land valued

16d.

Said to have been erected by Thomas de Brotherton

(arms appear on tower) son of Edward I.

14/15th cent. Main structure 1430 - 50 Tower (ruinous) 1854/1908 Restoration

Seats: 180

12. Nonconformity etc:

1644 Rev. John Ferror ejected by Suffolk Committee for

Scandalous Ministers.

1839 Wesleyan chapel built, replaced by primitive Methodist

chapel (1885)

1843 1 house set aside for worship

13. Manorial:

TRIMLEY ST MARY/ CANDELENT/CANDLETT/FOURTHE

-1362 Bigod family of framlingham owns

Circa 1515 Linked to Trimley St. Martin, Walton and Blythford (Sir

James Hobart)

1564 Linked to Walton (Thomas Lambe)

1805 Linked to Wickam Market (G.R.S. Nassau)

1837 Edwin Julian owns

Court books and surveys for this monor (1515, 1528, 1647) referred to

in PSIA Vol XXI

Court books 1528-1674 are in British museum

Sub-Manors:

BLOWFIELD MANOR

Circa 1292 linked to Trimley St. Martin, Groton, Boxford and

Assington (Godfrey de Bellomonte)

1362 John Blofeld owns

14th cent Linked to Trimley St. Martin, Stratton Hall, Walton and

Cavendish (Roger Cavendish)

1568/9 Linked to Levinton, Mellis, Rickinghall Superior and

Yaxley (Anthony Yaxley died siesed)

1588 Linked to Levington (Edward Grimston)

<u>ALTESTON</u>

1362	consolidated with Trimley
1292	Free warren granted to Godfrey de Bellomonte
1330	Nicholas Bonde owns
1597	Manor called Trimley St Mary was granted to Robert Barker (Links with Falkenham, Kirton and Trimley St Martin.)

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844	£2,100 rental value
1891	£2,783 rateable value
1912	£4,983 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844/ Land sub divided

1891/1912 Capt. E.G Pretyman principal owner

17. Resident gentry:

1679	Sir J. Barker of Trimpley Park
1680	2 gents
1912	C.A. Creasey JP

18. Occupations:

1086 1500–1549	Mill and 1 salt house 1 mariner
1550-1599	1 yeoman, 1 shoemaker, 1 mariner, 1 labourer
1600–1649	6 yeomen, 1 husbandman, 1 wheelwright, 1 grocer
1650–1699	1 butcher, 6 yeoman, 1 clerk
1831	56 in agriculture, 26 in retail/handicrafts, 19 in domestic
	service, 2 professionals, 7 labouring, 2 others
1844	registrar, schoolmaster, brick maker, farrier,
	butcher/victualler, plumber/glazier, blacksmith, 2
	shoemakers, carpenter, 5 farmers, 2 shopkeepers, carter,
	2 tailors
1912	Boot maker, publican, 2 shopkeepers, carter, 2
	blacksmiths, relieving officer, 3 farmers, oil dealer, 2
	coach builder, market gardener, butcher, district nurse,
	grocer.
1650–1699 1831 1844	1 butcher, 6 yeoman, 1 clerk 56 in agriculture, 26 in retail/handicrafts, 19 in domestic service, 2 professionals, 7 labouring, 2 others registrar, schoolmaster, brick maker, farrier, butcher/victualler, plumber/glazier, blacksmith, 2 shoemakers, carpenter, 5 farmers, 2 shopkeepers, carter 2 tailors Boot maker, publican, 2 shopkeepers, carter, 2 blacksmiths, relieving officer, 3 farmers, oil dealer, 2 coach builder, market gardener, butcher, district nurse,

19. Education:

1818	3 daily schools shared with Trimley St Martin
1833	2 daily schools (26 attend), 1 Sunday school (33 attend)

1844/1891 Church school (established 1832) shared with Trimley st

Martin. School board Formed (1874)

1912 School for young Ladies

Public Elementary school built (1903) on main road

shared with Trimley St Martin (150 attend)

20. Poor relief:

1776	£55. 4s. 2d.	spent on poor relief
1803	£118. 6s. 3d.	spent on poor relief
1818	£683. 5s.	spent on poor relief
1830	£426. 12s.	spent on poor relief
1832	£420. 14s.	spent on poor relief
1834	£490. 9s.	spent on poor relief

21. Charities:

KINDGE'S CHARITY ESTATE: 1669: Will of Ellis Kinge. Cottage and 10 acres let at £12. p.a. for the poor.

POORS LAND: 1804: Town Pightile (½ acres and allotment of 4 acres) let at £8. 17s. p.a distributed among poor.

POORS ALLOTMENT: 1808: 4 acres let at £10 p.a. for fuel distributed at Christmas.

<u>BARBOUR'S DONATION:</u> 1786 Bequest of William Barbour – discontinued (1840)

22. Other institutions:

1803 3 friendly societies (126 members)

1920 Village Club

23. Recreation:

1844 – 1912 THE MARINERS INN public house (known 1891 as THE

THREE MARINERS)

24. Personal:

1586/88 Tomas Cavendish – 2nd Englishman to circumnavigate

the globe. Lost at sea somewhere near straits of

Magellan whilst attempting another voyage. Mentioned in

Fullers 'History of the worthies of England'.

25. Other information:

Civil Boundary change (1883) Domesday vill – Candlet and Leofstan

Archaeological Sites

R.B. flue tile fragments
Moated site at candlet.
Med. Objects scatter, R.B pottery
Salt working site
Brick and tile kiln
Ring ditches
Rectangular enclosure
Rectilinear ditch system
Salt extraction site, brick debris

St Marys Church

Stray finds: Med. Lava millstone

Neo. Worked flint, flint implements

Scatter finds: Med. Sherds, pottery

Thetford ware pottery

Med. Brick, tile and pottery.